eラーニング技術標準化のもたらすもの LMS, コンテンツ, 学習履歴, そして・・・?

Value of e-Learning Standardization: LMS Activities, Content, Learning Records, and More

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2016/2

Moodle Moot 2016

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あらまし/Abstract

- ◆ eラーニングにおける技術標準化は、ITの他分野と同様、製品・サービスの普及、高品質化、高付加価値化に不可欠のものである。本講演では、SCORM、Experience API、CMI5 という、eラーニングコンテンツ標準化の流れを軸に、eラーニングを取り巻く技術シーズや教育ニーズとの関係から、技術標準化が果たしてきた役割や今後の動向について論ずる。
- ◆ E-learning technology standardization, similar to the other area of information Technology, is indispensable to make products and services disseminated, sophisticated and valuable. This talk discusses the role and the future direction of e-learning technology standardization, from the view point of both technological seeds and educational needs, reviewing the stream of e-learning content standards including SCORM, Experience API, and CMI5.

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あらまし/Abstract

- ◆ また、我々がMoodleのプラグインモジュールとして開発を行っている拡張可能な学習支援システムアーキテクチャELECOA(Extensible Learning Environment with Courseware Object Architecture)の概要を、技術標準化やMoodleとの連携の観点から紹介する.
- The talk also briefly introduces Extensible Learning Environment with Courseware Object Architecture (ELECOA) which we have developed as a Moodle plug-in module in terms of technology standardization as well as technical integration with Moodle.

目次

- ◆eラーニング技術標準化(おさらい)
 - SCORM, Experience API, and CMI5
- ◆技術標準化の意味
- ◆Moodleとeラーニング技術標準化
 - ELECOA (Extensible Learning Environment with Courseware Object Architecture)

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Kiyoshi,

Attached is the "Experience API" (also called "Tin Can API") it is a elearning specification based on "activity streams". The idea is that learning content does not have to managed by an LMS. Content can be independently launched and record results to a Learning Records Store. This model supports social media, serious games, simulations, etc.

I am working on CMI-5, an AICC Specification that will replace SCORM and AICC, but with the current LMS "model" (i.e. a better version of what we do now). We plan to build CMI-5 using Tin Can API (which was really not designed for the traditional LMS model) as the communication mechanism. The Tin Can people want us (the arcc) to do this because it will serve as 'Bridge' to the "new world" of activity streams. It would make it easier for current content dew was the transition from LMS centric content to LRS/ "activity streams" content.

I am working on CMI-5, an AICC Specification that will replace SCORM and AICC, but with the current LMS "model" (i.e. a better version of what we do now). We plan to build CMI-5 using Tin Can API (which was really not designed for the traditional LMS model) as the communication mechanism.

Tin Can FAQ Moodle Moot 2016
http://www.adlnet.gov/canabilities/tla/experience-ani#tab-faq

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However my impression is that it will be a good solution to overcome current problems of SCORM/CMI API i.e. Javascript based API and inflexible data model. I also think Tin Can API can co-exist with SCORM/CMI API in such a way that an LMS implementation provides both API's so content designer may choose the preferable one. This removes the limitation that the learner device is restricted to the browser but gives more freedom to utilize various devices including mobile phone and tablets.

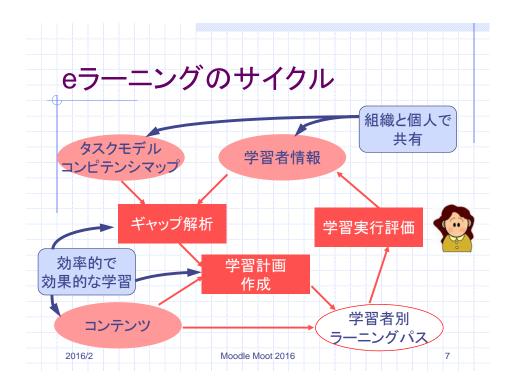
I also think Tin Can API can co-exist with SCORM/CMI API

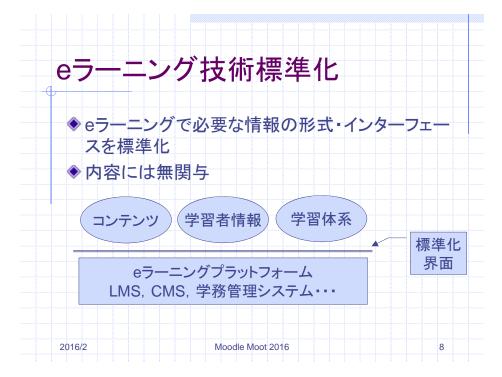
Talking about "the traditional LMS model" vs. "Activity Stream Model", we have to think about much broader things than mere API between contents and server. I think is a matter of educational context and pedagogical model.

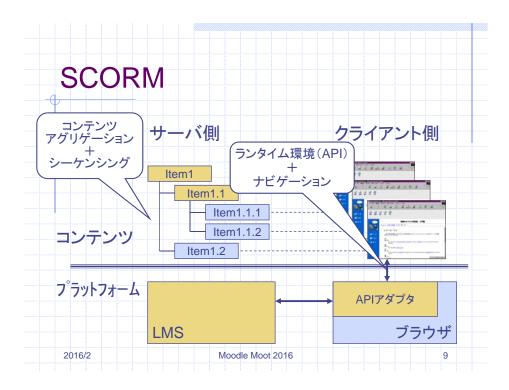
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Talking about "the traditional LMS model" vs. "Activity Stream Model", we have to think about much broader things than mere API between contents and server. I think is a matter of educational context and pedagogical model. I agree that Activity Stream is good to accumulate the activity records of various educational activities including games, simulation, collaborative/social learning, etc, but you need careful

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SCORM APIデータモデルの Tin Canでの実装

Appendix C: Example definitions for Activities of type "cmi.interaction"

true-false

choice

AICC⇒SCORM⇒xAPI⇒CMI5 時々の技術の SCORM SCORM 影響を受ける AICC **xAPI** CMI5 1.2 2004 2004~ 1993~ 時期 2000 2013 2015 98 09 コンテンツ Ini/CSV **XML XML XML** 構造記述 REST/ REST/ HTTP Java Java API JSON/ JSON/ ベース Script Script Oauth OAuth シーケンシ ルール 限定的 限定的 限定的? 記述 スマホ・タブレット クライアントは などもあり フルブラウザ odle Moot 2016 2016/2

```
choice
 "definition": {
     "description": {
          "en-US": "Which of these prototypes are available at the beta site?"
     "type": "http://adlnet.gov/expapi/activities/cmi.interaction",
     "interactionType": "choice",
     "correctResponsesPattern": [
                                                       "id": "tetris",
          "golf[,]tetris"
                                                       "description": {
                                                           "en-US": "Tetris Example"
     ],
     "choices": [
              "id": "golf",
                                                       "id": "scrabble",
              "description": {
                                                       "description": {
                  "en-US": "Golf Example"
                                                           "en-US": "Scrabble Example"
         },
                                   Moodle Moot 2016
      2016/2
```

AICC⇒SCORM⇒xAPI⇒CMI5

- **♦** SCORM
 - Java Script API⇒フルブラウザ前提
 - 学習リソース(SCO)は単一のLMSから起動
- xAPI
 - REST API ⇒スマホ, タブレット, ウェアラブル
 - 学習リソースはどこにあってもよい
- **◆**CMI5
 - xAPI+コンテンツ構造
 - 分散した学習リソースをコンテンツ構造で集約

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デザイン・ルール: モジュール化パワー Design Rules: The Power of Modularity

バリュー(価値)が変化のフォース(推進力)となり、モジュール化オペレータがそれを達成するための役割を果たすことで、複雑な人工物の設計は、計画はなくても調和した形で進化できた.

With value as the force propelling change, and the modular operators as the means of effecting it, the design of a complex artifact could evolve in unplanned but nonetheless coordinated ways.

技術標準化の意味?

- ◆規格の価値は何で決まるのか?
- ◆モジュール化の理論

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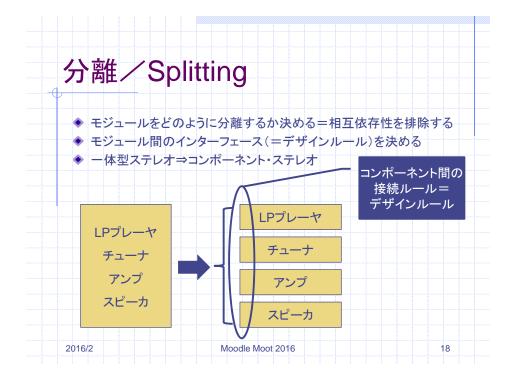
デザイン・ルール: モジュール化パワー Design Rules: The Power of Modularity

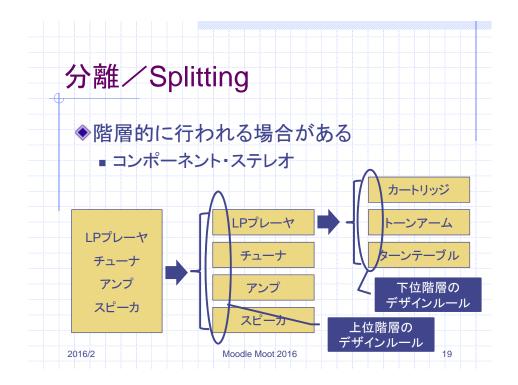
その結果は「複雑適応系」となりその要素は絶えず変更され、それが他の要素の変更をもたらした。中央のアーキテクトは誰一人として、発生してくる変化に許可を与える必要はなかった。すなわち変化の可能性は、その設計そのもののモジュール性に内在している。

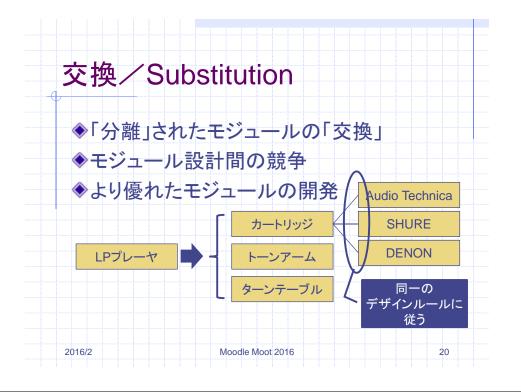
The result was a "complex adaptive system," whose elements were constantly being modified, giving rise in turn to modifications of other elements. No architect had to give permission for those changes to take place; the possibilities were inherent in the modularity of the design itself.

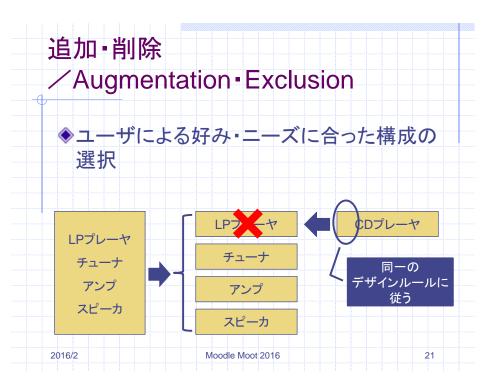
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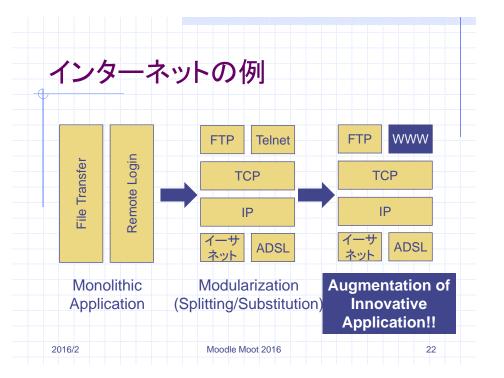
モジュール化オペレータ Modular Operators ◆分離/Splitting ◆交換/Substitution ◆追加/Augmentation ◆削除/Exclusion ◆抽出/Inversion ◆転用/Porting ■ ボールドウィン、クラーク、デザインルール、東洋経済







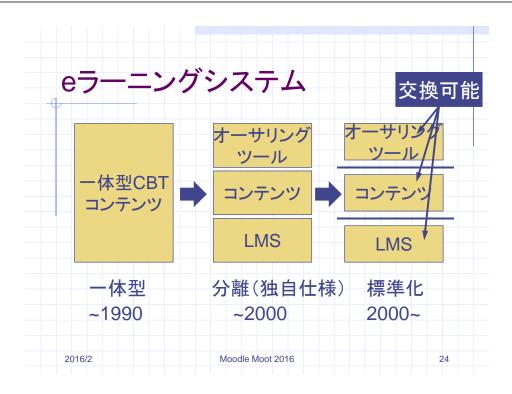




画期的機能の追加/

Augmentation of Innovative Application

- ◆ 事前に全く想定しなかった画期的機能の容易な追加=予見不能!!
 - 新たなモジュールの追加のために、システム本体の 設計者との調整は不要
 - システム本体の設計者は、設計時に「追加」の可能性 を知らなくてよい
- ◆中央のアーキテクトは誰一人として、発生してくる 変化に許可を与える必要はなかった。
- No architect had to give permission for those changes to take place.



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利用LMS(2011年のSCORM利用状況調査)

◆幅広いLMSが活用されている

(n=45, 複数回答)	人数
市販LMS(自社開発·国内)	10
市販LMS(他社開発·国内)	20
市販LMS(自社開発·海外)	5
市販LMS(他社開発·海外)	12
オープンソースLMS(国内)	12
オープンソースLMS(海外)	17
自主開発LMS(自社内でのみ利用)	9
ASP型LMS	12
LMSは利用していない Moodle Moot 2016	1

利用LMS種別数

- ◆複数種別利用が大半
- ◆10種以上という回答も
- ◆標準規格のメリットを活用

	1	~3	~5	~9	10~	不明	
	17	17	5	2	2	2	
/2			Moodle	e Moot 2016			20

利用オーサリングツール

- ◆幅広いツールが活用されている
- ◆独自ツールがかなり多い

(n=45, 複数回	答)	人数
SCORM専用オ	ーサリングツール(市販品)	21
	ーサリングツール(フリーソフト)	8
LMS付属才一+	ナリングツール	14
Flashなど汎用:	コンテンツ作成ツール	31
	-ンプレートを含む)	22
コンテンツは作	成していない	2
2016/2	Moodle Moot 2016	27

標準化の価値の定量化 ◆モジュールの価値∞ (機能・製品数)^{1/2}に比例する価値 一機能・製品数に比例する開発コストー機能変更が他に及ぼす影響 価値 機能大 OS, CPUなど 機能小メモリ、HDなど 製品数 第3項が大きいと 機能が増えるほど 価値低下 価値が低下する可能性大!!

標準規格の価値 Value of Specification

- ◆ 小規模・軽量な標準規格が価値を生む!!
- Light-weight specification creates value
 - 大規模で高機能な標準規格は価値向上をもたらしに
- ◈ 非常に逆説的・誤解する人多し
 - わかったふうな人から必ず出る反応 ⇒「あれはオモチャだ」
 - なぜQTIは普及せずSCORMがそこそこ普及したか?
 - Why QTI did not spread but SCORM did?

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SCORMにおける コンテンツとプラットフォームの機能分担

◆演習問題

- 規格ではテストの形式・機能は定めない
- GUI, 正解, 採点方法, フィードバックはSCO任せ
- SCOを生成するオーサリングツールの活用
- ◆シーケンシング
 - 規格では教授戦略に踏み込まない
 - プリテスト、ポストテスト、復習などの作成はルールの 組み合わせで実現
 - 教授戦略に対応するテンプレートの活用

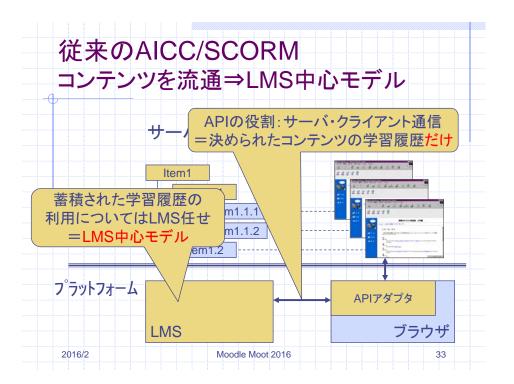
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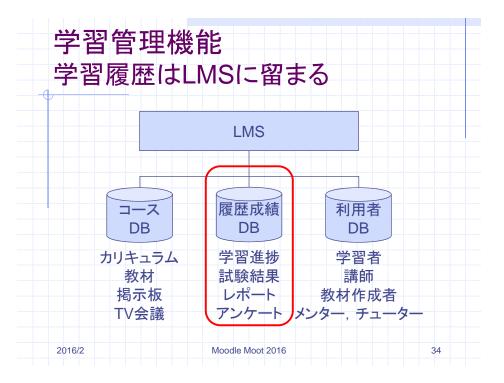
再びeラーニング技術標準化

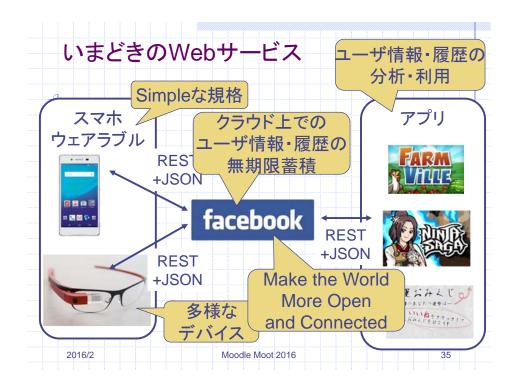
- ◆Web1.0からWeb2.0へ
- ◆「強い」学習管理から「弱い」学習管理へ
- ◆ブラウザからモバイルデバイスへ
- ◆オンプレミスからクラウドへ
- ◆管理すべきデータの賞味期限の長期化
 - ■コンテンツ⇒学習者データ
- ⇒LMS中心モデルからの離脱
- ⇒Simpleな標準規格

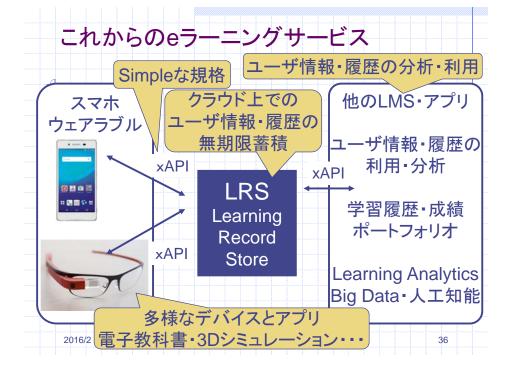
eラーニングの(過去の)技術進化 人工知能(強いAI)の流れ データのモジュール化・構造化 Robust Intelligent Tutoring Systems (applied research) - Based on cognitive science - Rule/goal-based sequencing Web化 Commerc コンテンツ流通 **CBI Cost Reduction Phas** "Authoring Systems - Templating Second Generation 商用化の流れ・コンテンツ重視 Letton (Chapter 16), by Gibbons マルチメディア・オーサリ

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Moodleと eラーニング技術標準化

- **♦LDAP**
- Shibboleth, CAS
- ♦IMS Enterprise
- **♦IMS CC**
- ◆SCORM 1.2
- ◆SCORM 2004⇒ELECOA

♦LT

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Tin Can Evolution TIN Before MLearnCon '12 in San Jose, CA, in June of 2012, ADL and the spec community completed version. 9 of the Tin Can API, and ADL announced it to the e-learning community. By this point, there were siready 15 companies/products that had adopted the Tin Can API. CAN A history of Tin Can with the most recent events at the top TIN v 1.0.3 CAN 2010 - 2011 PROJECT conducted extensive interviews with much of the e-learning industry. We called this Project Tin Can. Project Tin Can meant that the industry was TIN v 1.0.2 CAN TIN v 1.0.1 A patch release, version 1.0.1 was released few points. Patch releases make the specifi implement but do not affect required behavi CAN 2008 were too limiting. Learning Education Training Systems Interoperal (LETS) asked for the community's ideas. The result was the LETS 2016/2

The LETSI SCORM 2.0 White Papers

In 2008, Learning Education Training Systems Interoperability (LETSI) solicited white papers from stakeholders that were interested in contributing to "SCORM 2.0". The result was a rather large collection of documents that have been important to the e-learning industry and had a large part in shaping the Tin Can API.

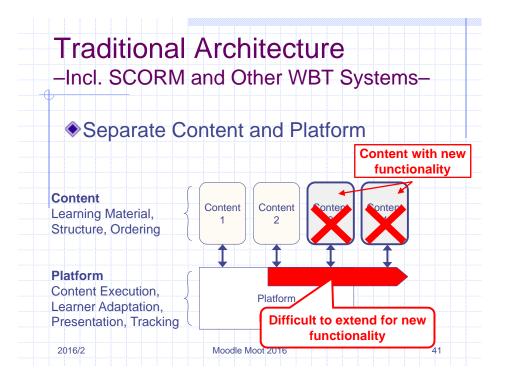
LETSI's website is no longer operational, so the archive of these documents isn't available there anymore. The white papers are crammed with thoughts that are important to our industry, so we decided to host the archive here and make them available to you. Enjoy!

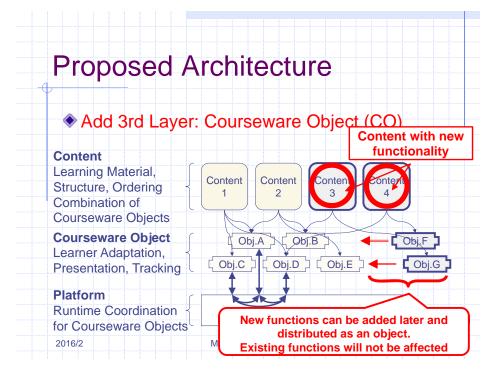
- SCORM 2.0: Grab the Low Hanging Fruit by Len Murphy, Property Loss Research Bureau
- HLA-SCORM Integration by Peter Berking, ADL
- Team-Based Learning by Tom Archibald and Peter Berking, ADL
- 4. Domain Enhanced Sequencing and Scenario Generation
- 22. Redefining reusable educational activities by Rachel Ellaway, N. Ontario School of Medicine
- Object Oriented Architecture for Extensible Learner-Adaptive Environment by Kiyoshi Nakabayashi, Yousuke Morimotoa, and Yoshiaki Hadaa
- 24. Stealth Assessment in Virtual Worlds
 by Valerie J. Shute and J. Michael Spector, Florida State Univ.

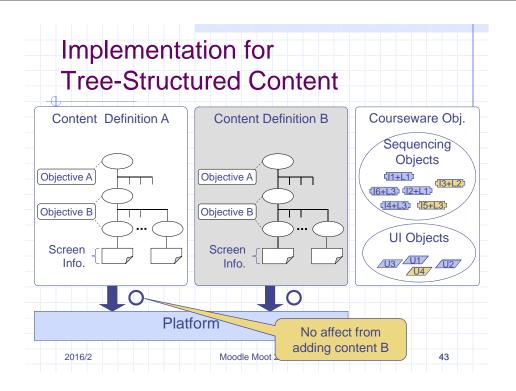
ELECOA Background

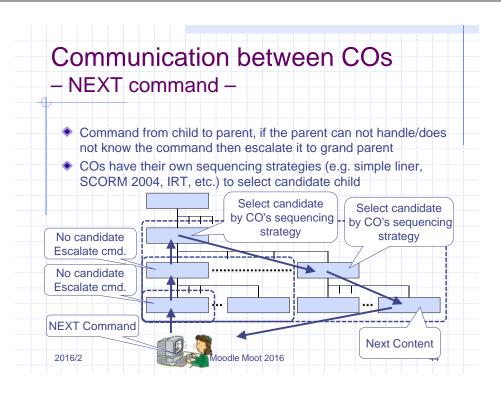
- Interoperability and Reusability of Learning Content
 - Vital for providing high quality e-learning with a rich learning experience
 - Standards such as SCORM
- Interoperability and Reusability of Learner-adaptive Content has not been Established
 - Framework for standardization is premature
 - Difficult to predefine functionality of learner-adaptation
- Demand for Extensible Learner-Adaptive System

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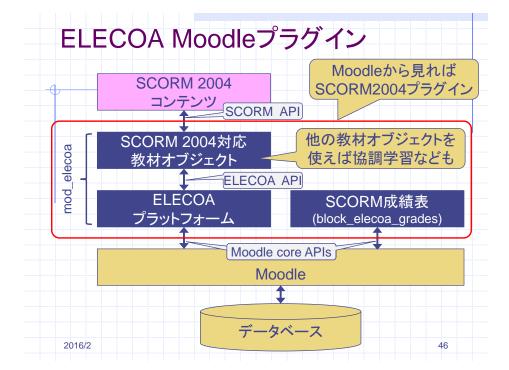




Current Status

- ◆Full set of SCORM 2004 3rd Edition
 - Procedural pseudo code was redesigned to be implemented using CO
 - Checked with ADL Test Suite for SCORM 3rd Ed. Including about 100 test cases
 - Implemented using php. Distributed as an open source Moodle module
 - http://elecoa.ouj.ac.jp/

2013/8



LTI: Learning Tools Interoperability

- **♦LTI 1.x**
 - Toolの起動
- ◆LTI 2.x
 - Toolの起動+履歴管理
- Outcomes Management Service 1.x
 - 履歴管理

まとめ

● eラーニング技術標準化

■ SCORM ⇒ Experience API ⇒ CMI5

● 技術標準化の意味

■ The Power of Modularity

■ Light-weight specification creates value

■ Simpleな標準規格と多様なアプリ

● Moodleとeラーニング技術標準化

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